

Table 4.33

Drug use by male juvenile arrestees/detainees in 12 U.S. cities

By type of drug and age, 1996

(Percent testing positive)

| City | Any drug ^a | Marijuana | Cocaine | Opiates | Multiple drugs | City | Any drug ^a | Marijuana | Cocaine | Opiates | Multiple drugs |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Total | | | | | | 15 to 16 years | | | | | |
| Birmingham, AL | 55% | 53% | 9% | 2% | 10% | Birmingham, AL | 55% | 52% | 9% | 1% | 8% |
| Cleveland, OH | 63 | 62 | 12 | (b) | 12 | Cleveland, OH | 67 | 65 | 16 | 1 | 15 |
| Denver, CO | 61 | 60 | 7 | (b) | 6 | Denver, CO | 68 | 65 | 9 | 0 | 6 |
| Indianapolis, IN | 44 | 43 | 6 | (b) | 6 | Indianapolis, IN | 53 | 52 | 6 | 1 | 6 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 57 | 51 | 13 | 1 | 14 | Los Angeles, CA | 58 | 54 | 12 | (b) | 12 |
| Phoenix, AZ | 56 | 52 | 13 | 1 | 15 | Phoenix, AZ | 53 | 49 | 14 | 1 | 15 |
| Portland, OR | 38 | 36 | 3 | (b) | 3 | Portland, OR | 37 | 35 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| St. Louis, MO | 56 | 56 | 4 | 0 | 6 | St. Louis, MO | 71 | 71 | 4 | 0 | 7 |
| San Antonio, TX | 50 | 48 | 10 | 4 | 11 | San Antonio, TX | 63 | 60 | 13 | 5 | 17 |
| San Diego, CA | 53 | 48 | 5 | 1 | 10 | San Diego, CA | 56 | 49 | 5 | (b) | 9 |
| San Jose, CA | 46 | 41 | 4 | (b) | 9 | San Jose, CA | 49 | 43 | 2 | 1 | 7 |
| Washington, DC | 67 | 65 | 4 | (b) | 8 | Washington, DC | 71 | 70 | 3 | 1 | 8 |
| 13 to 14 years | | | | | | 17 to 18 years | | | | | |
| Birmingham, AL | 26 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 2 | Birmingham, AL | 68 | 66 | 12 | 4 | 18 |
| Cleveland, OH | 39 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 2 | Cleveland, OH | 74 | 73 | 15 | 0 | 15 |
| Denver, CO | 42 | 42 | 8 | 0 | 8 | Denver, CO | 64 | 64 | 5 | 2 | 7 |
| Indianapolis, IN | 20 | 19 | 4 | 1 | 4 | Indianapolis, IN | 66 | 65 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 49 | 42 | 11 | 2 | 11 | Los Angeles, CA | 60 | 53 | 17 | (b) | 19 |
| Phoenix, AZ | 54 | 52 | 7 | 0 | 9 | Phoenix, AZ | 67 | 63 | 16 | 0 | 18 |
| Portland, OR | 26 | 25 | 1 | 0 | 2 | Portland, OR | 53 | 52 | 4 | 1 | 6 |
| St. Louis, MO | 38 | 38 | 4 | 0 | 4 | St. Louis, MO | (c) | (c) | (c) | (c) | (c) |
| San Antonio, TX | 40 | 35 | 6 | 3 | 4 | San Antonio, TX | (c) | (c) | (c) | (c) | (c) |
| San Diego, CA | 41 | 38 | 5 | 0 | 5 | San Diego, CA | 56 | 53 | 7 | 2 | 17 |
| San Jose, CA | 35 | 35 | 3 | 0 | 10 | San Jose, CA | 51 | 46 | 7 | 0 | 11 |
| Washington, DC | 60 | 60 | 4 | 0 | 4 | Washington, DC | 75 | 71 | 7 | 0 | 11 |

Note: See Note, table 4.30. Data on male juvenile arrestees/detainees are collected at 12 Drug Use Forecasting (DUF) sites throughout the United States. Ten of these sites also collect data on female juvenile arrestees/detainees; however, given the small sample size across a majority of the DUF female juvenile facilities, these data are not presented. The "9 to 12 year" age category has been omitted because of the small number of sample cases within each drug type. For methodology and survey sampling information, see Appendix 12.

^bLess than 1%.

^cBase figure is less than 20 cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice, *1996 Drug Use Forecasting Annual Report on Adult and Juvenile Arrestees*, NCJ-165691 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1997), pp. 48-59. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aIncludes cocaine, opiates, marijuana, phencyclidine (PCP), methadone, benzodiazepines, methaqualone, propoxyphene, barbiturates, and amphetamines.